- TIENT CARE UNITS:

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REFERENCES: Lippincott Nursing Drug Handbook 2007, Micromedex, Harriet Lane Handbook 2006

IEDICATION Generic (Brand) *ACLS Drugs	Medication may be given	MMC Protocol or Pre-Printed Order (PPO)	IV Pump	Route	DOSE and ADMINISTRATION	READILY AVAILABLE AT BEDSIDE Cardiac, O2 Sat, BP	REQUIRED AT BEDSIDE Physician		Check Site Every Hour and PRN	2 RN Check	Set IV Pump	
Abciximab (ReoPro®) Glycoprotein IIb/IIIa inhibitor	A,B*		N Y	IV Push Continuous	Adult 2.5 mg/kg bolus over 1 minute; 10-60 min prior to intervention; followed by 0.125 mg/kg/min to MAX dose: 10 mg/min for 12 hr. IFPCTA, treat for 18-24 hrs Use sterile, 0.2-0.22 micron, low protein-binding filter							Maintain bleeding precautions, avoid unnecessary arterial and vones purturers; monitor platelet counts prior to, 2-4 hns following dose and at 24 hr Recommendation: always administer aspirin and heparin "Can transfer to Telemetry Unit following sheath removal
▼Adenosine (Adenocard®) Antiarrhythmic	A,B,D		N N	IV Push IV Push	Adult 6 ng over 1-2 seconds; if tachycardia persists after 1-2 minutes, 12 mg may be given; repeat 12 mg as neeckel; MAX single doser 12 mg Pediatrie 0.1 - 0.2 mg/kg over 1-2 seconds; may increase dose by 0.05 mg/kg very 2 minutes to MAX dose; 0.25 mg/kg (up to 12 mg)	x x	X*					Required Monitoring: Continuous cardiac frequent blood pressure heart rate. Must have Crash Cart available. *WHEN GIVEN OUTSIDE OF CCU; Physician must be at bedside Flush line to ensure delivery of adenosine.
Albumin (Human Serum Albumin) Plasma Volume Expander Colloid	A,B,C,D		N* N* N*	Intermittent Continuous Intermittent Continuous	Adult Haporolemia: 5% at 2-4 ml/min; 25% at 1 ml/min; may repeat in 15-30 minutes if needed Usual dose: 25 grams. MAX;250 grams/48 hr Pediatric Haporolemia: 10-20 ml/kg (0.5-1 gm/kg/dose) rapid infusion; may repeat in 15-30 minutes if needed 10-30 ml/kg (0.5-1.5 gm/kg) over 0.5-2 hr; MAX dose: 6g/kg/24 hr Use 5 micron or large filter							* Use infusion pump if administering through a PICC line Administer 5% undiluted; 25% may be administered undiluted or diluted. Use with manufacturer supplied administration set. May be added to neonate TPN Complete infusion within 4 hr of opening vial. Contraindiction: 25% in preterm infants due to risk of intraventricular hemorrhage Solution should be clear amber color.
Alteplase (Activase®) Thrombolytic	A NOT SDU	'X	N Y	IV Push Continuous	Adult Coronary Artery Thrombus: Initial: 15 mg over 1.2 minutes, followed (weight adjusted dosing): Weight greater than 67kg: 50 mg over 30 minutes, then 35 mg over 60 minutes Weight less than 67 kg: 0.75 mg/kg (not to exceed 50 mg) over 30 min; then 0.5 mg/kg (not to exceed 35 mg) one; 60 min. Acute trainment similes to 100 mg over 2 hr Acute ischemic stroke. Load 0.09 mg/kg over 1 minute, followed by 0.81 mg/kg over 1 minute, followed by 0.81 mg/kg over 1 minute, followed by 0.81 mg/kg over 1 hr. MAX total dose: 90 mg "Central venous cutheter clearance; 2mg/2ml settle water into occlude catheter, assess 30 minutes, remove solution and clot and flush with normal saitine, may repeat in 2 hr if required	x x x						Assess for hemonrhage during first hour of treatment. *Used only for central venous catheter clearance outside the CCU
Amikacin (Amikin®) Antibiotic aminoglycoside	A,B,C,D		Y	Intermittent	Adult Up to 1 Smg/kg daily in 1-3 divided doses; infuse over 30 min Adjust dose in renaf failure Pediatric Infantschildren 15-22.5 mg/kg/24h divided every 8h Pediatric Infantschildren 15-22.5 mg/kg/24h divided every 8h Petropolitical Petropoliti							Pharmacy follows patients on an aminoglyvoside and will assist in monitoring patient peak and trough levels as well as other monitoring. Call Pharmacy at ext 2225 for questions or assistance. Monitor urine output, BUN, creatinine, and peak and trough. Draw Peak level 30 minutes after 30 minute infusion; Draw Trough 30 minutes before next dose. Peak: 15-40mcg/ml; Trough 5-10mcg/ml.
Amino Acids	A,B,C,D	746-093 TPN PPO	Y	Continuous	DO NOT give by direct or intermittent administration Adult 1.2-1.8 g/kg/day; renal failure to 0.8-1.2g/kg/day Pediatric Children greater than 10 kg: 20-25 gram/first 10 kg plus 1-1.25 gram/kg for each additional kg over 10 kg/day Children less than 10 kg: 2-4 gram/kg/day			CL-R*				Peripheral infusion: limit to 2.5% amino acids and dextrose 10%. *Required Line: Central line when admixed with hypertonic dextrose; long term therapy
Aminocaproic acid (Amicar®) Hemostastic Agent	А,В		Y	Continuous	Adult Initial dose: 5 grams over 1 hour, followed by 1 gram/hr; MAX dose: 30 gms/24 hrs							Rapid IV injection not recommended; may cause hypotension, bradycardia, or arrhythmias.
▼Amiodarone (Cordarone®) Antiarrhythmic, Class III	A,B,D		N Y N Y	IV Push Continuous* IV Push Continuous	Adult Palestex VIVE(ACLS))): Load 300 mg over 2-3 minutes, may eyear 150 mg in 3-5 minutes an needed Maintenance first 24 hr 360 mg at 1 mg/min over 6 hr then 540 mg at 0.5 mg/min over 18 hr. Maintenance: 0.5 mg/min Wide Complex Too hveotrida; 150 mg at 15 mg/min; mg/ repeat every 10 minutes. Pediatric P	X		CL-P CL-R*				NOT compatible in NS; Use in-line filter. Preferred Line: Central line *Required Line: Central line for concentration greater than 2 maybal. Required Monitoring: heart rate, EKG, also monitor pulmonary function, edema, muscle weakness, lethargy, liver enzymes *Consider transfer to CCU for continuous infusion
Amphotericin B (Fungizone®) Antifungal	A,B,C,D		Y	Intermittent	Adult Test dose: 1 mg in 20 ml of 5% dextrose over 20-30 min; observe patient for 2 hr; follow with 0.25mg/kg over 4-6 hr. Titrate to 1 mg/kg Maintenance: 0.15-15. mg/kg per day over 4-6 hr MAX concentration: 1 mg/10 ml Pediatric							Compatible only with D5W, if using an existing line, flush with 5% dextrose prior to and after infusion. Use in-line filter with mean bore diameter greater than I micron Rapid infusion can result in CV collapse; adequate . lydration may reduce the risk of nephrotoxicity. Monitor pulse, respiration, temperature every 30 minutes

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PL = Peripheral
* = See Auxiliary Information for additional information

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IEDICATION Generic Brand) •ACLS Drugs	Medication may be given	MMC Protocol or Pre-Printed Order (PPO)	IV Pump	Route	DOSE and ADMINISTRATION	READILY AVAILABLE AT BEDSIDE Cardiac, O2 Sat, BP	REQUIRED AT BEDSIDE Physician		Check Site Every Hour and PRN	2 RN Check	Set IV Pump	Of House Comments
			Y	Intermittent	Test dosc: 0.1-1 mg/kg followed by remaining Initial dose: 0.2-5.0 mg/kg/24 hr voev 4-6 hr increase as tolerated by 0.25-0.5 mg/kg/24 hr daily or every other doy Maintenance: 0.25-1 mg/kg/24 hr daily or every other day or 1.5 mg/kg/dose every other day; MAX dose: 1.5 mg/kg/24 hr hr mg/kg/24 hr m							during infusion: May per-nedicate with acetaminophen, diphenhydramine with without hydrocortisone. Protect from light. Amphotericin formulations are not interchangeable
Amphotericin B Lipid Complex (Abelcet®) Antifungal	A,B,C,D		Y	Intermittent	Adult and Pediatric 2.5-5 mg/kg/day over 2 hr; if infusion exceeds 2 hr, mix content by shaking infusion bag							Do not use in-line filter. If using an existing line, flush with 5% destrose prior to and after infusion. The MMC Pharmacy and Therapeuties Committee approved automatic premedication orders for acetaminophen, 650 (1000) mg and diphenlydranine 25 (50) ing to be administered 30 – 60 minutes prior to amphotericin B lipid complex (Abcleet) infusions when Pharmacy oblig is requested. Physicians requesting dosing per Pharmacy who do not want their patients premedicated must write DO NOT PREMEDICATE with the initial order. Adequate hydration may reduce risk of nephrotoxicity Amphotericin formulations are not interchangeable
♥Atropine Anticholinergic	A,B,C,D		N N	IV Push IV Push	Adult CPR Initial: 0.5-1 mg; may repeat every 3-5 minutes to MAX dose: 2.5 mg (0.4 mg/kg). Subsequent doses every 4-6 hr. Pediatric CPR: 0.02 mg/kg/dose every 5 minutes x 2-3 doses as nected: MINTMUM dose: 0.1 mg; MAX single dose 0.5 mg in children, 1 mg in adolescents; MAX total dose: 1 mg in children, 2 mg adolescents.	х						bradycardia. Complete vagal block occurs with doses greater than 2.5 mg.
Bivalrudin (Angiomax®) Anticoagulant	A		N Y	IV Push Continuous	Adult Bolus: Img/kg before PTCA; 2.5 mg/kg/hr over 4 hr; may give additional at 0.2mg/kg/hour up to 20 hr; give with 325 mg aspirin							Maintain bleeding precautions; don't mix other drugs with bivalirudin before or during administration. Adjust dose for renal dysfunction according to calculated creatinine clearance - consult Pharmacy at ext 2235
♥Calcium Chloride 10% Calcium Salt Electrolyte Supplement HIGH ALERT	A,B,C,D		Y	Intermittent	Adult Dose expressed in mg or grams Ca Chloride 2-4 mg/kg (10%) slowly every 10 minutes if needled or 5-3 f gaim. Mat rate: 5-010 mg/min (0.3-1 m/min) (0.7-1.5 mkg/min); 227 mg CaCl = 13.6 mkg Calcium Adjust dose in renal failure. Pediatric Dose expressed in mg Ca Chloride 20 mg/kg/dose, may repeat in 10 min if necessary Max rate: IV Pash -100 mg/min, Infusion: 45-90 mg/kg/mr Max Concentration: 200 mg/ml							DO NOT inject IM or SC, severe necrosis and sloughing may occur; monitor EKG if calcium is infused faster than 2.5 mf.g per minute; calcium thorloide is 3 times as opent as calcium gluconate; may be added to TPN; DO NOT infuse with Phosphate Calcium Chloride (10%) = 1 g Calcium Chloride (10%) = 1 g Calcium Chloride (10 ml 1 g Calcium Chloride = 270 mg calcium = 13.6 mEq calcium
Calcium Gluconate 10% (Kalcinate®) Calcium Salt Ellectrolyte Supplement HIGH ALERT	A,B,C,D		Y Y N Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	Intermittent Continuous IV Push Intermittent Continuous Intermittent Continuous Intermittent Continuous Intermittent Vontinuous Intermittent Vontinuous IV Push	Adult Dose expressed in grams CaGluconate Hypocalcenia; 15-3.78 g every 6 hr or continuous intission at 5-18 g/24hr 1 Hypocalcenic tetanv; 1-3 g/24hr 1 Hypocalcenia:							May be added to TPN: DO NOT infuse with Phosphate Calcium Gluconate (10%) = 1 g CaGluconate/10 ml 1g Calcium Gluconate = 90 mg calcium = 4.6 mEq calcium
Ciprofloxacin (Cipro®) Antibiotic Quinolone	A,B,C,D		Y	Intermittent	Adult 200 or 400 mg over 1 hr every 12 hours Adjust dose in renal failure. Pediatric 10-20 mg/kg/2 hr divided every 12 hr given over 1 hr MAX dose: 1.2g/24hr. Adjust dose in renal failure.							Administer slowly via a large vein to reduce risk of venous irriation; use canionsly in patients with CNS disorders or al increased risk for seizures Pediatric Concerns: cartilage toxicity; use only when necessary.
Cosyntropin (Cortrosyn®) Diagnostic Agent	А,В,С		N	IV Push	Adult Adrenocortical Insufficiency: 0.25-0.75 mg over 2 minutes; Obtain cortisol level 30 minutes prior to dose and 30-60 minutes after							Patient should not receive corticosteroids or spironolactone the day prior to and the day of test
Desmopressin (DDAVP®) Antihemophilic	A,B,D		Y	Intermittent Intermittent	Adult and Pediatric Diabetes insipidis :2-4 mcg/24 hr divided twice daily Hemophilia and uremia: 0.2-0.4 mcg/kg/dose over 15-20 min.							Monitor blood pressure and pulse during infusion
Diazepam (Valium®) Benzodiazepine	A,B,C,D		N	IV Push	Adult 2-10 mg, may repeat in 3-4 hr Sanna enilentieus; repeat every 10-15 minutes; MAX dose; 30 mg; MAX rate; 5 mg/minute. Pediatric Sedative/relaxant; 0.04 - 0.2 mg/kg/dose every 2-4 hours. MAX dose; 0.6 mg/kg in 8 hr period Sinna Enlertieus; 0.20-175 mg/kg/dose every 15-30 min x2-3 dose; MAX dose; (aga dujused dosing); less than 5 years: 5 mg greater than 5 years: 10 mg MAX rate; 2 mg/minute Diazepam emulshon; preservative free	X						Required Monitoring: Emergency resuscitation equipment/02 available Monitor respiratory rate, heart rate, blood pressure; Use large vein to avoid extravasation and phlebitis

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MEDICATION	UNITS				ADMINISTRATION	MONI	TOR	IV Lines	С	HEC	KS	AUXILIARY INFORMATION
MEDICATION Generic (Brand) •ACLS Drugs	Medication may be given	MMC Protocol or Pre-Printed Order (PPO)	IV Pump	Route	DOSE and ADMINISTRATION	READILY AVAILABLE AT BEDSIDE Cardiac, O2 Sat, BP	REQUIRED AT BEDSIDE Physician		Check Site Every Hour and PRN	2 RN Check	Set IV Pump for Hourly Infusion	COMMENTS
				IV Push	Administer undituted at less than 2 mg/min. Emulsion: must use microfilter smaller than 5 micross or a polyvinyl chloride infusion set. Science and SE: (age adjusted dosing) greater than 30 days of age-5 yrs. (20-25 mg slow IV every 2-5 min to MAX total dose: 5 mg children greater than 5 yr. 1 mg slow IV every 2-5 min to MAX total dose: 10 mg							
Digosin (Lanoxin®) Cardiac Glycoside	A,B,C,D		N	IV Push	IV dose: 20.25% less than oral dose over 5 minutes					x		Prior to administration: check apical pulse and verify there are no toxic drug levels (therapeuti digoxin range Monitoc cardiac rhythm for 6-8 hours, observe for noncardiac toxicity (nauses, noncessia, vonitings, confusion, and depression). Hold dose for heart rate less than 60 and notify physician. Notify physician of any significant changes in rate, rhythm, or quality of pulse.
Diltiazem (Cardizem®) Calcium Channel Blocker Antiarrhythmic	A,B,C,D A B,C,D	N	Y	IV Push Continuous	Adult and Pediatric Atrial arrhythmia or Paroxysmal supraventricular tachyt Initial dose, 0.2 milligrams per kilogram actual body weight or 20 milligrams over 2 minutes. Maximm dose = 0.3 milligrams per kilogram actual body weight or 25 milligrams per kilogram or 25 milligrams per kilogram or 25 milligrams per kilogram or 25 milligrams if ventricular response inodequate. Initial dose, 5 milligrams per bour Maximum dose, 15 milligrams per bour Continuous infusion may be started immediately Glodwing the bols dosing and reduction in heart rate. Increase infusion in increments of 5 milligrams per hour to achieve ordered ventricular rate If boltus dose is ordered, continuous infusion can be started immediately following boltus dosing	ardia						Monitoring: Do not administer infusion longer tham 24 hours IV Push: Continuous ECG and BP Continuous Infusion: ICU - Continuous ECG and frequent BP (at least every 1.5 minutes) during initial infusion. Non-ICU Patient Care Areas- Continuous ECG and HR monitoring with BP checks every 4 hours during infusion
♥Dobutamine (Dobutrex®) Sympathomimetic	A, B, D		Y		and reduction in heart rate. Initiate physician order for continuous infusion; DO NOT tirrate dose. Adult and Pediatric Initiate 2.5-20 mcg/kg/min; tirrate every few minutes according to patient response to 20 mcg/kg/min. MAX dose: 40 mcg/kg/minute.	x		CL-P*	X**			Correct hypovolemia prior to use. Required Monitoring: Continuous cardiac monitoring, frequent blood pressure; heart rate, urine output Concentrated 1: Southout may cause plabebins Use separate IV line, avoid mixing with other drugs "Central preferred, or PICC line or large peripheral "Required for peripheral site Avoid extrawasation: TREAT extrawasation with 5-10 mg
♥Dopamine (Intropin®) Catecholamine	A°,B,D NOT SDU C-renal only		Y	Continuous	Adult and Pediatric 1-20 mcg/kg/minute. Dose related hemodynamics: Low dose (2-5 mcg/kg/min) (v) renal > cardiac Internedized dose (5-15 mcg/kg/min) (ardiac > renal High dose (greater than 20 mcg/kg/min) alpha advenegic effects are prominent; decreased renal perfusion; MAX recommended dose: 20-50 mcg/kg/min	X		CL-P*	X**		X	phentolamine. SEE PHENTOLAMINE Required Monitoring: Dosing greater than 5 mcg/kg/min Continuous cardiac monitoring, frequent blood pressure, heart rate, and urine output: Monitoring for recal dosing: blood pressure, heart rate, urine output Transfer to CCU at dosing presenter than 5 mcg/kg/min or BP tilration "Central preferred, or PICC line or large peripheral "Required for peripheral site; it See separate IV line Avoid extravasation: TREAT extravasation with 5-10 mg phentolamine. SEE PHENTOLAMINE
Drotrecogin (Xigris®) Human activated protein C	A	741-069	Y	Continuous	Adult 24 mcg/kg/hr for total duration of 96 hr; if interrupted, restarted at the 24 mcg/kg/hr. Complete administration within 12 hr of solution preparation							Use separate IV line. Maintain bleeding precautions; No telephone or office fax. orders are accepted
Droperidol (Inapsine®) Antiemetic	A,B,C,D		N N	IV Push IV Push	Adult Nausea Vomiting: 0.625-2.5 mg every 3-4 hr sa needed; MAX rate: 10 mg/minute. Pediatric Autienteric/Sedation: 0.03-0.07 mg/k/dose over 2-5 min: may give 0.1-0.15 mg/kg/dose; MAX dose: 2.5 mg/dose; A autienteric give as needed; for sedation: repeat dose in 15-30 minutes if necessary							Can cause QT interval prolongation; Monitor blood pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate; observe for dystonic, extrapyramidal side effects, or temperature change.
Enalaprilat (Vasotec®) Angiotensin- Converting	A,B		N	IV Push	Adult 0.625 mg if creatinine clearance less than 30 ml/min or administered with a diuretic to 1.25 mg as monotherapy, every 6 hours; Administer over 5 minutes	Х						Frequent Monitoring: Blood pressure; watch for hypotensive effects within 0.5-3 hr; monitor renal function, potassium, urine output; discontinue if angioedema occurs,

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MEDICATION Generic (Brand) •ACLS Drugs	Medication may be given	MMC Protocol or Pre-Printed Order (PPO)	IV Pump	Route	DOSE and ADMINISTRATION	READILY AVAILABLE AT BEDSIDE Cardiac, O2 Sat, BP	REQUIRED AT BEDSIDE Physician		Check Site Every Hour and PRN	2 RN Check	Set IV Pump	COMMENTS COMMENTS
Enzyme Inhibitor			N	IV Push	Pediatric 5-10 mcg/kg over 5 minutes every 8-24 hr							
♥Epinephrine (Adrenalin®) Adrenergic Agonist	AD NOT SDU		N	IV Push	Adult Asystole and bradycardia: 0.5-1 mg every 3-5 min; may increase to 5 mg every 3-5 minutes alternatively: initial 0.5-1 mg dose followed by a	х		CL-R*		l		*Required Line: Central for continuous IV infusion Required Monitoring: Cardiac monitoring and blood pressure; monitor pulmonary function, site of infusion for blanching and extravasation
			Y N	Continuous IV Push Continuous	1-4 meg/min infusion and titrated to effect up to 10 meg/min Pediatric Assysted and brushveardis: neonate. 0.1-0.3 m/kg of 1:10,000 solution (0.01-0.03 m/kg) every 3-5 min; infant/children: first dose 0.01 m/kg of 1:10,000 solution (0.1 m/kg), MAX doser: 1 mg (10 ml); subsequent doses: 0.1 m/kg of 1:1000 solution every 3-5 min; into effective, increase dose to 0.2 m/kg of 1:1000 solution (0.2 ml/kg) ol.1-1 m/kg/kg/min infusion: itirated to effect							Follow pesh with rapid flush to ensure delivery of epinephrine $1\ mg=1\ ml\ of\ 1:1000\ soln\ or\ 10\ ml\ of\ 1:10000\ soln$
Epoprostenol (Flolan⊕) Prostaglandin	A,B**,C		Y	Continuous	Adult Initial rate: 2 ngkg/min; increase by 2ng/kg/min vevey 15 minutes or as tolerated; Maintenance: begin at 4 ng/kg/min less than maximum tolerated initial rate. I maximum tolerated rate is less than 5 ng/kg/min; begin maintenance at one-half maximum tolerated initial rate. Adjust done based on symptoms of pulmonary hypertension			CL-R*				Initiate Therapy: CCU setting ** Maintenance Monitor: improved pulmonary function, decreased exertional dyspnea, and fatigue: **Required Line: Central venous catheter using an ambulatory infusion pump; IF A PICC LINE IS USED - DO NOT FLUSH THE LINE; patient may receive an excess of Epoptrostenol DO NOT INTERRUPT THERAPY
Eptifibatide (Integrilin®) Glycoprotein IIb/IIIa inhibitor	A,B		N Y N Y N Y	IV Push Continuous IV Push Continuous IV Push Continuous	Adult Acute coronary syndrome: bolus 180 mcg/kg over 1.2 minutes (MAX dose: 22.6 mg), followed by infusion of 2 mcg/kg/min, MAX dose: 15 mg/hr up to 72 hr Creatinine 2-4 mg/df: same bolus, followed by infusion lmg/kg/min, MAX rate: 75 mg/hr Percutaneous coronary intervention; bolus 180 mcg/kg over 1-2 minutes MAX dose: 22.6 mg, followed by infusion of 2 mcg/kg/min, Max dose: 15 mg/hr; second 180 mcg bolus, 10minutes after first bolus, MAX dose: 22.6 mg, continee infusion of 2 mg/kg/min, Max dose: 15 mg/hr; second 180 mcg bolus, 10minutes after first bolus, MAX dose: 22.6 mg, continee infusion until bospital discharge or 18-24 hr. Minimum: 12 hr recommended;							Maintain bleeding precautions, avoid unnecessary arterial and venous punctures, assess nose, mouth mucous membranes, and puncture sites for cozing; observe for mental status changes
Esmolol	A		N Y	IV Push Continuous	Creatinine 2-4 mg/dl: same first and second bolus; infusion of 1mcg/kg/min, MAX rate: 7.5 mg/hr Adult	X						DO NOT GIVE IV PUSH; use infusion control device
(Brevibloc®) Beta-Adrenergic Blocker	NOT SDU		Y Y Y Y	Continuous Intermittent Continuous	SUT. Load 500 megkg over 1 minute, followed by 50 megkg/min intsion for 4 minutes: if madequate rebolus and titrate to response by increasing each maintenance infision by 50 megkg every 5-10 min to MAX dose: 200 megkg/minute 0 mil to ding 40 cowe band esired response achieved. Periop tachr or HIN; 80mg (1mgkg) over 30 seconds, followed by 150 megkg/min freeded, titrate as needed to MAX rates: 300 meg/kg/min							Required during continuous infusion of up to 48 hrs: Cardiac monitoring, blood pressure, heart rate, and respiratory rate
Fentanyl (Sublimaze®)	A,B*,D		N N	IV Push	Adult Adjunct to general anesthesia: 2-50 mcg/kg, may give additional doses of 25-100 mcg IV as needed; Adjunct to regional anesthesia: 50-100 mcg over	х				Ī		Required: Naloxone (Narcan) and resuscitation equipment. Naloxone is the antidote. SEE NALOXONE Monitor pain relief, respiratory rate, mental status, heart rate, sedation level, and blood pressure.
Narcotic Analgesic			Y N Y	Continuous IV Push Continuous	1 minute 1.3 mcg/kg/hr; titrate to effect Pediatric 1.2 mcg/kg/dose every 30-60 min as needed; 1.3 mcg/kg/tritrate to effect							Rapid administration may result in respiratory depression and/or chest rigidity making ventilation difficult. Protect from light. 'Used in procedural setting; not on Telemetry Unit
Flumazenil (Romazicon®)	A,B,C,D		N	IV Push	1-3 mcg/kg/hr; titrate to effect Adult Conscious sedation reversal: 0.2 mg over 15 seconds; repeat in 1 minute if desired level of							*Used in procedural setting; not on Telemetry Unit Monitor patient for return of sedation or respiratory depression. DOES NOT REVERSE NARCOTICS
Benzodiazepine Antidote			N	IV Push	consciousness is not obtained. **Deer-dose reversing. 1.0.2 mg over 30 seconds; may increase dose at one minute intervals (0.3 mg, then 0.5 mg) **MAX cumulative dose: 1 mg/5 minutes repeat at 20 min intervals. MAX dose: 3mg/hr **Pediatric** **Conscious sedation reversul: 0.01 mg/kg **MAX dose: 0.2 mg; followed by 0.005-0.01 mg/kg **MAX dose: 0.2 mg; reprayminute to MAX **mumlative dose: 1 mg; may repeat in 20 min; **MAX dose: 3 mg/l hr.**							
Fosphenytoin (Cerebyx®) Anticonvulsant	A,B,C,D		Y	Intermittent IV Push	Doses expressed as Phenytoin Equivalents (PE) Adult Maintenance: Load: 15-20 mg PE/kg at 100-150 mg PE/minute. Maintenance: 4-6 mg PE/kg/day Adjust dose in renal and hepatic failure. Ventricular archivalinia unresponsive to Italocaine- or procuinamide or digitalis-induced arrhythmias 50-100 mg PE/cwy 10-15 minutes a needed to a MAX dose: 15mg/kg; Max rate: 50 mg/minute Pediatrice							* I mg phenytoin = I mg PE (Phenytoin Equivalent) Therapeutic Interchange for Phenytoin in cardiac event Monitor blood pressure, vital signs, and plasma phenytoin level: Injection should be followed with normal saline flushes to avoid local vein irritation

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MEDICATION	UNITS	_	_		ADMINISTRATION	MONI		IV Lines		HECE	7.9	AUXILIARY INFORMATION
MEDICATION Generic (Brand) •ACLS Drugs	Medication may be given	MMC Protocol or Pre-Printed Order (PPO)	IV Pump	Route	DOSE and ADMINISTRATION	READILY AVAILABLE AT BEDSIDE Cardiac, O2 Sat, BP	REQUIRED AT BEDSIDE Physician		Check Site Every Hour and PRN	2 RN Check	Set IV Pump for Hourly Infusion	COMMENTS
			Y	Intermittent	Status Epilepticus: Load:15-20 mg PE/kg at 3mg PE/kg/min, MAX rate: 150 mg PE/min; followed by 5-10 mg/kg/day divided in 2-3 doses							Monitor blood processes sittel eigne and placemental stands
Furosemide (Lasix®) Loop Diuretic	A,B,C,D		N Y Y Y	IV Push Intermittent Continuous Intermittent Intermittent	Adult 20-40 mg administered over 1-2 min; if no response 20 mg 2 hr later; may increase succeeding doses by 20 mg increments to 80 mg not more than every 20 mg increments to 80 mg not more than every 21 m until desired direnteir response obtained Doses greater than 50 mg should be infused 100 mg or loss: not to exceed 10 mg/minute 100 mg or more: not to exceed 4 mg/minute Load 40 mg, then rate based on creatinine clearance, MAX rate: 4 mg/min Pediatric Neonates: 0.5-1 mg/kg/dose every 8-24hr, MAX single dose: 2 mg/kg Infants/hildren 0.5-2 mg/kg/dose every 6-12 hr MAX single dose: 6 mg/kg							Monitor blood pressure, vital signs, and plasma phenytoin level; Monitor weight and 1 & O, Blood pressure, serum electrolyses, renal function. Doese greater than 100 mg must be diluted Protect from light; do not refrigerate.
Gentamicin (Garamycin®) Antibiotic Aminoglycoside	A,B,C,D		Y	Intermittent	Adult 1-7 mg/kg/dose over 30 min Pediatric							Pharmacy follows patients on an aminoglycoside and will assist in monitoring patient peak and trough levels as well as other monitoring. Call Pharmacy at ext 2225 for questions or assistance. Draw peak level 30 min after 30 min infusion; draw trough 30 min prior to next dose. Peak: 5-10 mcgmit. Trough 1-2 mcgml. Monitor urine output, BUN, creatinine, and peak and trough.
Glucagon Antidote Hypoglycemia	A,B,C,D		N	IV Push	Adult 0.5-1 mg over 1 minute; may repeat in 15 minutes if needed 1 unit = 1 mg Pediatric Neonate Infant: 0.025-0.3 mg kg/dose every 30 min as needed Children; 0.03-0.1 mg kg/dose every 20 min as needed; Max dose 1 mg/dose							Dose Preparation: dose less than 2 mg; use diluent that accompanies drug dose greater than 2 mg; use sterile water for injection Use immediately after reconstitution; Usatable diabetics may not respond to glucagon - give dextrose IV instead
Haloperidol lactate (Haldol®) Antipsychotic					Administer IM only. Previously administered IV: however, not FDA approved for IV administration. 2007 the FDA reported increased incidence of sudden death, Torsakes, and QT prolongation with IV haloperidol administration.							
Heparin (Liquaemin®) Anticoagulant HIGH ALERT	A,B,C,D	komogram	N Y N Y	IV Push Continuous IV Push Continuous	Adult Weight-based protocol: 80 units/kg; followed by 15 units/kg/hour; dose tirated according to APTT. APTT Goal: 1.5-2.5 times normal. Pediatric Infantichildren: 50 units/kg followed by 10-25 units/kg/hr or 50-100 units/kg/dose every 4 hr Eludi: Peripheral: 1.2 ml of 10 units/ml solution every 4 hr Central: 2-3 ml of 100 units/ml solution every 4 hr Plush dose should be less than heparinizing dose Neonates: Use preservative-free heparin. 172N: central line and arterial lines: add heparin to make final concentration: 0.5-1 unit/ml.					x		*MMC HEPARIN NOMOGRAM - prepared by Pharmacy; contact pharmacy at ext 2255 Prior to initiating beparin: obtain RN, P1 and APTT Monitor platelet count and signs and symptoms of ahonomal bleeding Protamine is a heparin antagonist and is used for reversal of severe bleeding due to heparin. SEE PROTAMINE. High alert Message: Use the MMC HEPARIN NOMOGRAM for anticoagulation therapy. The MMC Laboratory Heparin Therapeutic Range' is specific to MMC laboratory instrumentation and current lot of reagents.
Hydralazine (Apresoline®) Vasodilator	A,B,C,D		N N	IV Push	Adult Hypertension: 10-20 mg/dose or 0.1-0.2 mg/kg as needed; increase within this range every 4-6 hr as needed hased on blood pressure response Prace-clampia declampia: 5 mg/dose, followed by 5-10 mg every 20-30 minutes as needed; MAX Tarts: 10 mg/min Pediatric Hypertensive Crisis: 0.1-0.2 mg/kg/dose every 4-6 hr Max single dose: 20 mg; Max total daily dose: 1.7-3.5 mg/kg/day							Resuscitation equipment should be available. Recommended Monitoring: blood pressure every 5 minutes until salse; then every 15 minutes x4, then as ordered Frequently monitor blood pressure, heart rate, and orthostatics Solution color change does not indicate loss of potency Goal: mean arterial pressure reduction of 25% or less over 1 min to 2 hour with further reduction to 160/80 mm Hg over 2-6 hours
Hydromorphone (Dilaudid®) Analgesic Opioid Agonist HIGH ALERT DO NOT CONFUSE with MORPHINE.	A°°,B,C,D		N	IV Push	*****DO NOT CONFUSE WITH MORPHINE **** Adult 1-1 mg very slowly over 2-5 min every 4-6 hr as needed READ COMMENTS; may be given subcutaneously Pediatric 0.015 mg/kg/dose over 2-5 min every 4-8 hr as needed	x					I	Patient Controlled Analgesia (pca) pumps on all units **Non PCA continuous infusion reserved for CCU Required: Naloone (Narcan) = Antilote and resuscitation equipment. SEE NALOXONE MMC Hydromorphone Guidelines 1. The ordering physician is consulted when a dilaudio dure is greater than 2 mg. An MMC Pharmacist will consult the ordering physician on the need for this type of medicine and the dose. If physician cannot be reached then the dose automatically An becomes 1.2 mg every 4 hours 2. All patients receiving dilaudid are placed on cardiac monitoring and continuous Pulse Oximetry monitoring prior to administration and for the 60 minute period following administration. This monitoring is documented by the RN administering the medication 3. Assess and document respiratory are prior to administration of followid 4. Dilaudid IV is administered very slow push over at least 2.5 minutes for every dose. Reassess and decument pairs cale at a minimum of 30 minutes and maximum of 60 minutes after a dose of hydromorphone 6. DOSING: If dilaudid is ordered as a range order of 1 to 2 mg every 4 hours, the lowest dose in the range (1 mg) is administered, and the administering RN must wait at least 30-

IVIG (Gamimune®) (Gamunex®)

(Gamigard®) (Carimune®)

Adult
Idiopathic Thrombocytopenia Purpura (ITP):
400 mg/kg/day for 2-5 days, followed by 400-1000
mg/kg as single infusion to keep platelet count

mg/kg as single infusion to keep platelet count above 30,000/mm3 Initial rate: 8.5 mlkg/hr increased every 30 minutes to MAN rate: 4 mlkg/hr Pediatrie. Idiopathic thrombox-topermia Purpura (ITP): 800-1000 mg/kg 19 in 1-2 doses Kamsuski's disease. 2 gkg 1V as a single dose over 10-12 for a 400 mg/kg dui) on four consecutive days, start within the first 10 days of illness.

- ATENT CARE UNITS:

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Epinephrine should be available to treat allergic reactions
Monitor blood pressure, renal functional and urine output
Recommended: patients beginning therapy with IVIG or switching

Necommended: patients beginning therapy with NVL or switching one IVIG product to another be started at lower rates and advanced to maximal rate if they have tolerated several influsions at intermediate rates of influsion; individualize rates for each patient. Patients with read disease or at risk for thrombotic versus should not be inflused rapidly with any IVIG product.

CARIMINE: Initial flow rate of 10-20 drops (0.5-1.0 ml.) per minute; callor is first of 10-20 drops (0.5-1.0 ml.) per minute; after 15-30 minutes increase rate 30-50 drops (15-22 ml.) per minute; following first bottle of 3% solution, if patient shows good tolerance, subsequent influsions rate increases gradually allowing 15-30 minutes before each increment.

GAMMAGARD LIQID: initial rate of 0.5 mL/kg/hr (0.8 mg/kg/min); gradually increase every 30 minutes to rate of 5.0 mL/kg/hr (8.9 mg/kg/min); if well tolerated; subsequent initial

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												minutes before giving a second 1 mg dose. Patient is eligible for the next dose 4 hours after the second 1 milligram dose 7. A patient who received a second 1 mg dose (total of 2 mg initial) and experienced adequate pain relief based on the MMC pain management guidelines AND who did not require management of respiratory depression, is eligible for a 2 mg dose of hydronorphone at the next scheduled time interval 8. Dilaudid orders must be checked by 2 RNs for accuracy using the 5 R's prior to administration, and this must be documented on the MAR
Ibutilide (Corvert®) Antiarrhythmic Class III	A,B		Y	IV Push	Adult less than 60 kg: 0.01 mg/kg over 10 minutes greater than 60 kg: 1 mg over 10 minutes if arrhythmia is not terminated within 10 minutes, a second dose may be administered.	х						Monitor: continuous cardiae monitoring at least 4 hours following infusion or until QTc has returned to baseline; Stop infusion if arrhythmias is terminated, patient develops venticular tachycardia or marked prolongation of QT or QTc interval
Insulin (Humulin-R®) Antidiabetic HIGH ALERT	A,B,C,D	Insulin Drip PPO	N Y Y Y Y	IV Push Continuous IV Push Continuous Intermittent Continuous	Adult IV recommended only for DKA, hyperkalemia, intensive blood glucose control in ICU, circulatory collapse, or evanuation of the property o					x		Novolin Regular is the only insulin that can be given intra-venously; only from to be added to TPN Discard insulin infusion after 24 bours Insulin dip with new IV tuding; to ensure proper drug delivery, fill tuding; with insulin infusion solution, wait 30 min, flush line and connect tuding to patient. HIGH ALERT HESSAGE: DO NOT USE "U" for units. Spell out the word "units". Once punctured - date vial for 28 days
Iron Dextran Complex (Infed®) Iron Salt	A _i B _i C _i D		Y Y Y	Intermittent Continuous Intermittent	Dose depends upon iron deficiency, may be administered undiluted Adult *Test dose: 25 mg over30 seconds, observe over 1 hour for allergic nearcion; give remaining dose, MAX Tast: 50mg/min; MAX dose: 100 mg; flush with 10 ml of NS Continuous when added to TPN Pediatric *Test dose: Infant: 12-5, Children: 25 mg, observe over 1 hour for allergic reaction; give remaining dose at 50mg/min; MAX dose: 50 mg; flush with 10 ml of NS							Epinephrine should be available to treat allergic reactions "Test dose required prior to first therapeutic dose.
♥Isoproterenol (Isupre(®)) Adrenergic Agonist	A,D		N Y	IV Push Continuous	Adult Dosage based on desired clinical response; MAX dose: 20 mcg/minute Heart block: Initial 0.02-0.06 mg over 1 minute; followed by 0.01-0.2 mg additional doses \$Mock: 0.5 to 5 mcg/min by infaison; tratte according to heart rate; central venous pressure, BP, and urine 10m wo Pediatric 0.05-2 mg/kg/min; begin at minimum dose and increase every 5-10 min by 0.1 mg/kg/min until desired patient response or side effects. MAX dose: 2 mcg/kg/min	x						Required Monitoring: cardiac, heart/respiratory rate; monitor arterial blood gas, arterial blood pressure; HR greater than 100 bpm decrease infusion rate or temporarily discontinue infusion, notify MD. HR greater than 130 may induce worticular arrhythmias Side effects: sweating, nervousness, hypotension weakness, dizziness, palpitations, and tremor,

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MEDICATION Generic (Brand) •ACLS Drugs	Medication may be given	MMC Protocol or Pre-Printed Order (PPO)	IV Pump	Route	DOSE and ADMINISTRATION	READILY AVAILABLE AT BEDSIDE Cardiac, O2 Sat, BP	REQUIRED AT BEDSIDE Physician		Check Site	Every Hour and PKN 2 RN Check	Set IV Pump for Hourly Infusion	COMMENTS
												infusion rate and rate of escalation based on previous infusion history; however, maximum rate attained during first infusion may be appropriate for subsequent therapy. GAMUNEE: initial infusion rate of 0.01 mg/kg/min for 30 minutes; if well tolerated, gradually increase rate to maximum of 8 mg/kg/min
Ketamine					12:06 Nursing Protocol in process for use in pain management that has not responded to other pain medications. Contact Med-Surg Director for appropriate monitoring of patient until protocol is released							
Ketorolac (Toradol®) Nonsteroidal Anti-inflammatory	A,B,C,D		N	Intermittent	Adult 15-30 mg over 15-20 min every 6 hr as needed MAX daily dose:120 mg; MAX duration: 5 days MAX daily dose: 60 mg if age greater then 60; impaired renal function or weight less than 50 kg Pediatric							Monitor signs of pain relief, observe for weight gain, edems, blockeding, bruising, mental confusion, and discordination. MAX DURATION OF THERAPY: 5 days (includes combination of parenteral with oral therapy) MMC P&T Committee approval for Pharmacy dose modification based on patien criteria. When patient meets MMC P&T
			N	Intermittent	0.5 mg/kg/dose every 6 hr; MAX dose: 30 mg every 6 hr or 120 mg/24 hr. MAX duration: 5 days							Committee criteria for ketorolae dosage adjustment: age 65 years or older, weight less than 55 kg, creatinine clearance less than 40 ml/min, MMC Pharmacy will automatically adjust dosage and place notification of adjustment sticker in patient's chart.
Labetalol (Normodyne®) Beta-Adrenergic	A,B,C,D		N	IV Push	Adult 20 mg over 2 minutes, repeat with 40-80 mg over 2 minutes at 10 minute intervals; MAX total dose:300 mg	х						Required Monitoring continuous IV: Cardiac and blood pressure. Goal: mean arterial pressure reduction of \$2.5% over 1 minute to 2 hour with further reduction to 160 80 mm Hg
Blocker	A,B A,B,C,D		Y	Continuous IV Push	50-200 mg at 1-3 mg/min; titrate based on clinical response; may repeat every 6-12 hr. Pediatric Hypertensive Emergency; intermittent dose - 0.2-1							over 2-6 hours IV Push: Maintain patient in supine position for 3 hours, monitor blood pressure every 5 minutes for 30 minutes; then every 30 minutes for 2 hours; then hourly for 6 hours,
	A,B		Y	Continuous	mg/kg/dose every 10 min as needed MAX dose: 20 mg/dose 0.4 -1 mg/kg/hr; MAX dose: 3 mg/kg/hr							
Levofloxacin (Levaquin®) Fluoroquinolone Antibiotic NON-FORMULARY	A,B,C,D		Y	Intermittent	Adult 250-750 mg/24hr over 1 hr. Adjust dose in renal failure.							May cause QT prolongation; use cautiously in patients with CNS disorders or at increased risk for seizures; hypotension may result with more rapid infusion; give 750 mg over 90 minutes Pediatric Concerns: cartilage toxicity; use only when necessary.
Levothyroxine (Synthroid®) Thyroid Product	A,B,C,D		N N	IV Push	Adult Meteodomic, Initial: 200 to 500 mcg over 2-3 minutes; Day 2 if no response: 100 no 300 mcg Maintenance: 50-200 mcg daily Pediatrie Recommended IV dose: 50-75% of oral dose; the following is 50% of recommended oral dose: Initise over 2-3 minutes Meteodomy is 50% of recommended oral dose; Initise over 2-3 minutes IV Dose Meteodomy is 50% of recommended oral dose; Initise over 2-3 minutes IV Dose Meteodomy is 50% of recommended oral dose; Initise over 2-3 minutes IV Dose Meteodomy is 50% of recommended oral dose; Initise over 2-3 minutes IV Dose Meteodomy is 50% of recommended oral dose; Initise over 2-3 minutes IV Dose Meteodomy is 50% of recommended oral dose; IV Dose							IV form must be prepared immediately prior to administration and should not be admined with other solutions; notify posician of chest pain, increased pulse, palpitations, or heat intolerance
▼Lidocaine (Xylocaine®) Antiarrhythmic Class IB	A,B,D		N Y N Y	IV Push Continuous IV Push Continuous	Adult S0-100 mg or 1-1.5 mg/kg over 2-3 minutes; MAX rate: 50 mg/min; may repeat dose in 3-5 minutes to total of 300 mg or 3 mg/kg total bobus over 1 house 10-50 mg/kg/min (1-4 mg/min) Simultaneously at 20-50 mg/kg/min (1-4 mg/min) Pediatric 1 mg/kg/dose slow bolus, may repeat two times at 10-15 minute intervals to Max total dose: 3-5 mg/kg, within first hour; followed by infusion of 20-50mg/kg/min	х		CL-P				Required Monitoring for continuous IV: Cardiac and blood pressure. If titration required: transfer to CCU Central line preferred: must be diluted prior to injection to avoid over dose and possible cardiac arrest.
Lorazepam (Ativan®) Benzodiazepine Sedative/Hypnotic	A,B,C,D	Y	N Y	IV Push Continuous	Adult Stante Epilepticus; 0.05-0.1mg/kg/dose over 2-5 minutes; MAX single dose; 4 mg; may repeat in 10- 15 minutes; MAX total dose: 8mg/12 hr Sodation; 0.04-0.5 mg/kg; MAX dose; 4 mg Sodation(UV Uvenitates); Give bouls of 1 mg IV. Initiate Sodation(UV Uvenitates); Give bouls of 1 mg IV. Initiate	x						Required: Emergency resuscitation equipment and oxygen Monitor respirations every 5-10 minutes; periodic pulse and blood pressure, initiate fall precautions Required: Emergency resuscitation equipment and oxygen
	A	In Process	Y	Continuous	infusion at I me.hr. Timate by I mghr every hour until desired sedution level according to Ramsey Sedution Scale Maximum dose: 4 mg/hr. Machool Withdrawn observations of the Control Timate per patient response based on CIWA Score. Max dose: Underfined	x						Required: Continuous Cardiac Monitoring/Pulse Oximetry Required: Emergency resuscitation equipment and oxygen Required: Continuous Cardiac Monitoring and Continuous Pulse Oximetry Required Recommended: Serum Osmolality, OZ, and Anion Gap for infusions
			N	IV Push	Pediatric Status Epilenticus: 0.05-0.1mg/kg/dose over 2.5 minutes; may operat 0.05 mg/kg one time in 10-15 minutes; MAX single doses: 4 mg Antiolytic/Sedation: 0.05 mg/kg/dose every 4-8 hr; MAX single dose: 2 mg							greater than 20 mg/hr for 48 hours due to increased risk for propylene glycol Immediately prot to administration, fullute with equal mount of sterile water for injection, sodium chloride injection or 5% dextrose injection Flumazenil is antidote. SEE FLUMAZENIL
♥Magnesium Sulfate Electrolyte Replacement	A,B,D		N Y	IV Push Continuous	Adult Dilute dose to 20% or less; Max rate: 150 mg/minute or less Preclampsia: 4g IV load; then 1-3g/hr,	X						Monitor vital signs every 15 minutes during IV infusion. Rapid infusion: monitor arrhythmias, hypotension, respiratory and CNS depression Magnesium levels should be monitored to avoid

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MEDICATION Generic (Brand) •ACLS Drugs	Medication may be given	MMC Protocol or Pre-Printed Order (PPO)	IV Pump	Route	DOSE and ADMINISTRATION	READILY AVAILABLE AT BEDSIDE Cardiac, O2 Sat, BP	REQUIRED AT BEDSIDE Physician		Check Site	2 RN Check	Set IV Pump	
HIGH ALERT			Y N	Intermittent IV Push	MAX dose: 30-40g/24 hr <u>Hypomagnesia</u> : 1 to 5 g over 3 hr <u>Paroxysmal atrial tachycardia</u> : 3 to 4 gram over 30 seconds							overdose; monitor for diarrhea HIGH ALERT MESSAGE: MAGNESIUM SULFATE AVAILABILITY IS LIMITED TO SELECT MMC PATIENT CARE AREAS.
			N Y	IV Push Continuous	Life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias: 2 to 6 g over several minutes; followed by a continuous infusion of 3-20 mg/minutes for 5-48 hr (based on patient response and magnesium levels)							
			N	IV Push	May be added to TPN Pediatric Reactive Airway Disease-Adjunct: 25 mg/kg/dose							
Mannitol (Osmitrol®)	A,B,C,D		Y	IV Push	Adult and children over 12 years of age Test dose (oligaria/renal function): 200 mg/kg or 12.5g as a 15% to 20% IV over 3-5 min.							USE AN IN-LINE FILTER NEEDLE FOR ALL MANNITOL INFUSIONS Monitor urine output, serum electrolytes and osmolality.
Osmotic Diuretic			Y	Intermittent	12.3g as a 15% 0.20% 10 Vot 2 -3 min. Reduction intraocular/intracranial pressure: 1.5-2 g/kg as a 15% -20% solution over 30-60 min. Oliguria: 50 to 100 g IV as a 15% -25% solution over 90 minutes to several bours.							stronton unite output, securit executoryees and osmonany. If crystals are present; warm in water bath; allow to cool to room temperature Store in warmer at temperature of 35-50° C.
			Y	Intermittent Intermittent	over 90 minutes to several nours. Prophylaxis oliguria/caute renal failure; 50-100 gram of a concentrated solution; followed by a 5%-10% solution; concentration determined by fluid requirements							
			Y	Intermittent	Pediatric < 12 years of age Reduction intraocular/intracranial pressure: 2 g/kg or 60g/m2 as a 15%-20% solution over 30-60							
Meperidine	A,B,C,D				minutes. Adult							Monitor pain relief, respiratory rate, mental status
(Demerol®) Opioid Analgesic	А,В,С,Д		N	IV Push	Adult 50-150 mg/dose every 3-4 hr as needed; MAX dose: 600 mg/day 25-50 mg prior to Ampho B or blood products Adjust dose in renal and hepatic failure.							stoaune pain reire, respiratory raie, incinai saturs heart rate, sedinoi level, and blood pressure. NOT RECOMMENDED for use in chronic pain
			Y	Continuous	dilute to 1 mg/ml and give at rate of 0.5-1 mg/min; titrate to clinical response Pediatric							
			N	IV Push	1-1.5 mg/kg/dose every 3-4 hr as needed; MAX dose: 100 mg							
Methylergonovine (Methergine®) Ergot Alkaloid	A,D		N	IV Push	Adult 0.2 mg over 1 minute after delivery; may repeat as required at intervals of 2-4 hr							Monitor blood pressure and uterine contractions; May cause nausea, vomiting, dizziness, increased blood pressure, headache, ringing in the ears, chest pain, or shortness of breath.
Metoprolol	A,B		N	IV Push	Adult	x						Required Monitoring: cardiac, heart rate, blood
(Lopressor®) Beta-Adrenergic Blocker					Acute MI; 2-5-5 mg rapid IV at 2-5 minute intervals: MAX dose: IS mg over 10-15 minutes, followed by oral dosing Arrial tachveradia following AMI; 2-5-5 mg rapid IV at 2-5 minute intervals: MAX dose: 15 mg over 10-15 minutes; discontinue when therapeutic response achieved or SBP less than 100 mmHg or HR Ites than 50.							pressure
Midazolam (Versed®) Benzodiazepine	A,B,D		N	IV Push	Moderate sedution: up to 2.5 mg over 2 minutes, repeat in 2 minutes at 25% of initial dose over 2 minutes, repeat in 2 minutes as needed to 5 to 10 mg; maintenance; incremental titration of 25% of dose used to reach desired response	х	x					Required Monitoring: Cardiac, respiratory depression. Flumazenii (Romazicon®) is the ANTIDOTE SEE FLUMAZENIL.
	A		Y	Continuous	Anesthesia induction: 0.2-0.3 mg/kg over 20- 30 see, incremental titration of 25% as needed to complete induction Continued sedation: 100 mg in 250 ml infused at 0.01 to 0.05 mg/kg over several minutes; repeat every 10.15 min for adequate sedation. maintenance: 0.02-0.1 mg/kg/n Adjust dose in renal failure.							
	D		N	IV Push	Pediatric less than 5 years: 0.05-0.1 mg/kg/dose over 2-3 min; repeat in 2-3 min intervals to MAX total dose:6 mg 6 to 12 years: 0.025-0.05 mg/kg/dose over 2-3 min; repeat in 2-3 min intervals to MAX total dose:10mg greater than 12 years: adult dose to MAX total	х	х					
	A		Y	Continuous	dose: 10 mg less than 32 weeks: 0.5 mcg/kg/min greater than 32 weeks: 1 mcg/kg/min Infant/children: 1-2 mcg/kg/min. Adjust dose in renal failure.							
Milrinone (Primacor®) Phosphodiesterase Inhibitor	A,B**		N Y	IV Push Continuous	Loading dose: 50 mcg/kg over 10 minutes, followed by 0.375 to 0.75 mcg/kg/min; titrated according to hemodynamic and clinical response Adjust dose in renal failure	х						Required: Cardiac and blood pressure monitor scrum potassium. **If initiating or titration required: transfer to CCU
Morphine (Astramorph®, Duramorph®) Narcotic Analgesic HIGH ALERT	A,B,C,D	PPO	N Y	IV Push Continuous	Adult 2.5-15 mg over 4-5 min every 4 hr as needed, Loading dose of 15 mg followed by continuous infusion of 0.8-10mg/hr Epidhurd: 5 mg; if inadequate response at 1 hr, 1-2 mg as intervals sufficient to assess efficacy; MAX dose: 10mg/2/hr Adjust dose in renal failure							Monitor pain relief, respiratory rate, mental status, heart rate, sedation level, and blood pressure. Required: Resociation is equipment and naloxone (Narcan®) re available. Naloxone is antidote SEE NALOXONE. HIGH ALERT MESSAGE: DO NOT CONFUSE with HYDROMORPHONE.

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MEDICATION	UNITS				ADMINISTRATION	MONT		IV Lines	(CHEC	CKS	AUXILIARY INFORMATION
MEDICATION Generic (Brand) •ACLS Drugs	Medication may be given	MMC Protocol or Pre-Printed Order (PPO)	IV Pump	Route	DOSE and ADMINISTRATION	READILY AVAILABLE AT BEDSIDE Cardiac, O2 Sat, BP	REQUIRED AT BEDSIDE Physician		Check Site Every Hour and PRN	2 RN Check	Set IV Pump for Hourly Infusion	COMMENTS
			N Y	IV Push Continuous	NOT recommended Pediatric Dosing ranges; tirrate to effect nenonare: 0.05-0.2 mg/kg/dose slow IV every 4 hrs infant/children: 0.1-02 mg/kg/dose every 2-4 hr MAX dose: 15 mg/dose nenonare: 0.01-0.0.2 mg/kg/hr infant/children: 0.01-0.0.9 mg/kg/hr Adjust dose in renal fadure							
Moxifloxacin (Avelox) Fluoroquinolone Antibiotic	A,B,C,D		Y	Intermittent	Adult 400 mg/24hr over 1 hr. No dosage adjustment in renal failure.							May cause QT prolongation; use cautiously in patients with CNS disorders or at increased risk for seizures; don not give as rapid or bolus influsion. Pediatric Concerns: cartilage toxicity; use only when necessary.
♥Naloxone (Narcan®) Narcotic Agonist Antidote	A,B,C,D			IV Push Continuous IV Push Continuous	Adult Narcotic overdose: 0.4-2 mg every 2-3 min as needed didute to 10 ml; 80 mcg/min. MAX Tatie: 0.4 mg/15 sec Pediatric leses than 20 kg: 0.1 mg/kg/dose; repeat in 2-3 min as needed leses than 20 kg or greater than 5 years: 2 mg/dose; repeat in 2-3 min as needed 0.005 mg/kg/lending dose followed by 0.0025 mg/kg/lending dose followed dose followed by 0.0025 mg/kg/lending dose followed dose followed by 0.0025 mg/lending dose followed							Monitor respiratory rate, heart rate, and blood pressure. The duration of action of the narcotic may be longer than that of the naloxone and patients may relapse into respiratory depression; frequent monitoring of respiratory rate is necessary as additional naloxone doses may be required.
Nesiritide (Natrecor®) Human B-type natriuretic peptide	А,В	N3.15	Y	Intermittent Continuous	Adult 2 µg/kg bolus over one minute followed by a continuous infusion of 0.01 µg/kg/min Titration of infusion dose: 1 mg/kg bolus followed by 0.005 mg/kg/min MAX frequency: 3 hr MAX infusion dose: 0.03 mg/kg/min Bolus volume (ml.) – patient wt (kg) x 0.33 Infusion flow rate (ml./hr) = patient wt (kg) x 0.3							Withdraw the bolus (2 mcg/kg) from the prepared infusion bag. Prior to connecting to access port or administering bolus or infusion; prime the IV tubing with infusion solution Monitor blood pressure; if hypotension occurs, the dose should be reduced or the drug discontinued. See Nesiritide PPO and contact physician for additional orders
Nitroglycerin (Tridil®) Vasodilator	A,B**		Y	Continuous	Adult 5 mcg/min, increased by 5 mcg/min every 3-5 min to 20 mcg/min; if no response at 20 mcg/min, increase by 10 mcg/min every 3-5 min, up to 100 mcg/min may be required; tolerance develops at 200 mcg/min							Monitor blood pressure and heart rate. Mus to glass bottle: Use the nonabsorbable polyvinyl tubing available for infains; mitroglycerin *off titration required: transfer to CCU
Nitroprusside (Nipride) Vasodilator	A NOT SDU		Y	Continuous	Adult 0.25-0.5 mcg/kg/min; increase in increments of 0.25-0.5 mcg/kg/min; titrate to desired hemodynamic response; MAX dose: 10 mcg/kg/min.	x						Required Monitoring: blood pressure; fluid intake and output Controlled rate infusion device required Goal: mean arterial pressure reduction of 25% or less over 1 min to 2 hours with further reduction to 16080 mm Hg ower 2-6 hours Rapid infusion may cause nauses, vomiting, restlessness, headache, dizziness, abdominal pain Recommended hiocyanate levels in infusions greater than 72 hr is levels greater than 100 meg/ml are associated with rolicyanate levels in titusjons greater than 72 hr is levels greater than 100 meg/ml are associated with reymide toxicity Nitropnusside is converted to toxiquide which is then converted to thicyanate. Cyanide toxicity can produce hypotension, methemaglobinemia and metabolic acidosis. Thiocyanate toxicity can produce psychosis and seizares. Protect from light; any green, blue, or red solution should be discarded
♥Norepinephrine (Levophed®) Adrenergic Agonist	A NOT SDU		Y	Continuous	Adult Initial: 8-12 mcg/min and titrate to desired blood pressure response; Maintenance: 2-4 mcg/min			CL-R				Required: Central line to avoid extravasation: If necessary to start as peripheral infusion; monitor IV site hourly until C. Li placed Controlled rate infusion device required TREAT extravasation with 5-10 mg phentolamine in
Oxytocin (Pitocin®) Hormone	A,D	PPO	Y	Continuous	Adult 0.001-0.002 units/minute, titrate increase every 15-30 minutes based upon contractions Max dose: 0.006 units/minute							Monitor fluid intake and output during infusion; fetal monitoring; monitor uterine contractions, heart rate, blood pressure, intrauterine pressure every 5 minutes Overdose symptoms include: tetanic uterine contractions, uterine rupture, SLADH, and seizure. Controlled rate infusion device required
Parenteral Nutrition Central	A,B,C,D	746-093 Adult	Y		Adult and Pediatric Concentration greater than 10% Administer at prescribed rate; DO NOT increase rate to "catch up" or decrease rate to conserve Initial rate unless otherwise indicated: 40 ml/hr					x		Required Central Line: concentration greater 10% Baseline Assessment: vital signs, weight, electrolytes, BUX, creatinine. Direct patient observation during first 10 minutes of infusion for signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis If TPN contains lipids, DO NOT use 22 micron filter Change tubing and filter every 24 hours
Parenteral Nutrition Peripheral	A,B,C,D	746-093 Adult	Y		Adult and Pediatric Administer at prescribed rate; DO NOT increase rate to Catch up' or decrease rate to conserve Initial rate unless otherwise indicated: 40 ml/hr					х		Required Central Line: concentration greater 10% Baseline Assessment viata signs, weight, electrolytes, Blux, creatinine. Direct patient observation during first 10 minutes of infusion for signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis If TPN contains lipids, DO NOT use 22 micron filter Change turbing and filter every 24 hours

- Revised: 11

 A = Critical Care: UNITS:

 A = Critical Care: U.U. SepDown, Energency Department, Cardio Vacular Lab, Operating Room, Post Anesthesis Care Unit

 B = Telemetry: Cardio: noninored patients, Endoscopy, Imaging, Androlatory Surgery, HealthPlex

 C = Medical/Surgical, Obstopedics, Adult Medical/Surgical, Dulysis, Initiosan Therapy, Oncology, (See Chemotherapy (systoxic) drug administration policies)

 D = Materian/Child Mother/Buly, Labor & Delivery, Pedatric doses are not inclusive; refer to medication references)

 **VACIS* Drugs: Any ACIS* form gave begiven as my unit during a code

 NOTE: Guidelines for IV medications apply to all patient care areas except Special Care Nursery

V LINES:
CL.R = Central Line Required
CL.P = Central line Preferred
AL.R = Arterial Line Required
PL = Peripheral
* = See Auxiliary Information for additional information

		_					E					
MEDICATION Generic (Brand) •ACLS Drugs	Medication may be given	MMC Protocol or Pre-Printed Order (PPO)	IV Pump	Route	DOSE and ADMINISTRATION	READILY AVAILABLE AT BEDSIDE Cardiac, O2 Sat, BP	REQUIRED AT BEDSID Physician		Check Site	2 RN Check	Set IV Pump for Hourly Infusion	COMMENTS
Phenobarbital (Luminal®)	A,B,D			IV Push	Adult Status epilepticus: 10-20 mg/kg over 10-15 minutes;	X	X			T		Required: resuscitation equipment; Monitor blood pressure and heart rate
(Luminai®)					repeat if necessary; MAX rate: 60 mg/min							Administer slowly under close supervision;
Barbiturate Sedative				IV Push	Pediatric Stanus epilepticus: 15-20 mg/kg in a single or divided dose; followed by 5 mg/kg every 15-30 minutes if required. MAX dose: 30 mg/kg MAX rate: not to exceed 1 mg/kg/min							Observe patient for excessive sedation and respiratory depression; Avoid abrupt discontinuation
Phentolamine generic available only	A,B,C		N		Adult Drug extravasation: 5-10 mg in 10 ml normal saline;							Extravasation treatment: within 12 hr using a 27-30 gauge needle; may repeat if necessary
					Inject in divided dose around extravasation site							SEE EXTRAVASATION POLICY THAT
Previous Brand (Regitine®)	A		N	IV Push	Diagnosis of pheochromocytoma: 5 mg Pediatrics							ACCOMPANIES THIS DOCUMENT
Alpha-adrenergic	D		N		<u>Drug extravasation</u> : 0.5-1 mg/ml with normal saline; Inject 1-5 ml in 5 divided doses around extravasation							
Blocker			N	IV Push	site. MAX TOTAL dose: 0.1-0.2 mg/kg or 5 mg							
Extravasation	A		IN	IV Pusn	Diagnosis of pheochromocytoma: 0.05-1 mg/kg/dose; MAX dose: 5 mg							
Antidote	D		N		Neonates Drug extravasation: 0.25-0.5 mg/ml with normal							
					saline; Inject 1 ml in 5 dived doses of 0.2 ml around extravasation site.							
					MAX total dose: 0.1 mg/kg or 2.5 mg							
Phenylephrine	A			IV Push	0.1-0.5 mg/dose over 30 seconds every 10-15 min	X		CL-P*			X**	*Central line preferred, or PICC line or large
(Neo-Synephrine®)	NOT SDU		Y	Continuous	as needed; Severe hypotension and shock:							peripheral vein **Required for peripheral infusion:
Adrenergic Agonist				Continuous	Initial: 100-180 mcg/min; titrate to clinical response							Required Monitoring: blood pressure, heart rate, CO,
					Maintenance:40-60 mcg/min							PAWP, central venous pressure, urine output Avoid extravasation: TREAT extravasation with 5-10 mg
									X*			phentolamine. SEE PHENTOLAMINE
Phytonadione	A,B,C,D				Adult				Α.			Despite dilution and slow IV or IM administration of phytonadione,
(AquaMEPHYTON®)			N Y	IV Push Intermittent	10 mg slow IV; may repeat every 6-8 hr as needed. May be given in 50 ml saline over 30 minutes							severe reactions, including hypersensitivity, anaphylaxis, shock, cardiac and/or respiratory arrest, and fatalities have occurred during
Fat Soluble Vitamin					MAX rate: 1 mg/minute. Pediatric							and immediately after Injection. Some patients have exhibited these reactions during first dose. IV and IM routes should be restricted to
			N	IV Push	Oral Anticoagulation overdose:							to those situations where the subcutaneous route is not feasible
					Infant: 1-2 mg/dose, slow IV every 4-8 hr Children: 2.5-10 mg/dose slow IV							and the serious risk involved is considered justified. Monitor blood pressure, heart rate, PT and INR.
			N	IV Push	<u>Vitamin K Deficiency:</u> 1-2 mg/dose x one dose, slow IV							Protect from light; wrap in aluminum foil or other dark cover
Potassium Chloride	A,B,C,D		Y	Continuous	Peripheral line concentration: ABSOLUTE MAX: 80 mEq/L; usual max: 40 mEq/L	X°						*Required Monitoring: Continuous cardiac monitoring
Potassium Salt			Y	Continuous	Central line concentration: up to 20 mEq/100 ml							for rates greater than 10 mEq/hour. Must dilute prior to administration; may add to TPN.
HIGH ALERT	C,D		Y	Intermittent	MAX dose/24hr: 3 mEq/kg or 400 mEq General floors: 10 mEq/100 ml over 1 hour							Monitor serum potassium, glucose, chloride, urine output, and cardiac monitoring
	А,В		Y	Intermittent	Cardiac monitored units: 20 mEq/hr Max rate: 20 mEq/hour.							DO NOT GIVE IV PUSH HIGH ALERT MESSAGE: POTASSIUM CHLORIDE
			Y		Pediatric	x						AVAILABILITY IS LIMITED TO SELECT MMC PATIENT CARE AREAS.
			Y	Intermittent	0.5-1 mEq/kg/dose at rate of 0.5 mEq/kg/hr over 1-2 hours	А						PATIENT CARE AREAS.
					Max rate: 1 mEq/kg/hr Max total daily dose: 3 mEq/kg/day							
					or 400 mEq/day							
Potassium Phosphate	A,B,C,D				Adult	х						Required Monitoring: Continuous cardiac monitoring
					0.15-0.3 mmols/kg over 12 hr, repeat as needed or 15 mmols/dose over 2 hr if serum phosphate							Phosphate should be order in mMols and the mEq of potassium should be stated (e.g. 15 mMols phosphate
					< 2mg/dl Alternatively:							will provide 22 mEq of potassium)
Phosphate salt			Y Y	Intermittent Intermittent	Low dose: 0.16 mmols/kg over 4-6 hr Intermediate dose (serum phosphate 1.6-2.2mg/dl):							HIGH ALERT MESSAGE: POTASSIUM PHOSPHATE IS NOT STORED IN MMC PATIENT CARE AREAS
				Intermittent	0.32 mmols/kg over 6 hr.							ALL ORDERS FOR POTASSIUM PHOSPHATE ARE
HIGH ALERT					High dose (serum phosphate <1.5 mg/dl): 0.64 mmols/kg							PREPARED, LABELED, AND DISPENSED FROM THE PHARMACY DEPARTMENT
			Y	Intermittent	Pediatric Low dose (recent/uncomplicated loss): 0.08 mg/kg	x						
					over 6 hr							
			Y	Intermittent	Intermediate dose (serum phosphate 0.5-1 mg/dl): 0.16-0.24 mmols/kg over 4-6 hr.							
					High dose (serum phosphate <0.5 mg/dl): 0.36 mmols/kg over 6 hr.							
♥Procainamide	A,B,C				Adult	X						Required Monitoring: Cardiac and blood pressure
(Pronestyl®)	,,.		N	IV Push	Load: 100 mg over 2 minutes every 5 minutes until							Monitor for prolonged QT intervals and QRS
			1		arrhythmias controlled Max total dose: 1000 mg							complexes, heart block, or increased arrhythmias; Laboratory monitoring; complete blood count; Serum levels of
Antiarrhythmic, Class IA			Y	Continuous	Alternative Load: 500-600 mg at constant rate over 25-30 min; followed by continuous infusion of							procainamide and NAPA in patients with renal failure or receiving constant infusion greater than 3 mg/min for longer than 24 hrs
					2-6 mg/minute Pediatric							
					Load: 2-6 mg/kg/dose over 5 minutes;							
					Max dose: 100 mg/dose; may repeat every 5-10 min to Max loading dose: 15mg/kg/load;							
			Y	Continuous	Do Not Exceed 500 mg/30 min. 20-80 mcg/kg/min: Max dose: 2 g/24 hr.							
Promethazine	A,B,C,D				Adult							Recommended routes of administration are IM or rectal
(Phenergan®)	.1,0,0,0		Y	Intermittent	Nausea/Vomiting: 12.5-25 mg over at least 10 minute							Recommended: Limit dose to no more than 12.5mg IV for any one dose
Phenothiazine					every 4 hr as needed MAX concentration: 25 mg/ml;							Before administering Phenergan IV, educate patient to immediately inform you if burning or pain occurs during or after the infusion. If this occurs immediately
Derivative			Y	Intermittent	Pediatric- children greater than 2 yrs of age Nausea/Vomiting: 0.25-1mg/kg/dose every 4-6 hr							discontinue infusion, monitor condition of infusion site, and report this to the provider. Phenergan ordered IV will be administered in the following manner:

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 PATIENT CARE UNITS:

 A = Critical Care: UXL Supplows, Emergancy Department, Cartio Vasculur Lab, Operating Room, Post Anesthesia Care Unit

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 C = Medical/Surgical: Cothopselos, Adult Medical/Surgical, Dulyis, Initiosan Therapy, Oscobogo, (See Chemotherapy (systoxic) drug administration policies)

 D = Maternal/Chilé Modeir Baby, Labor & Delivery, Pedatric doses are not inclusive; refer to medication references)

 #VALSD Dungs: Any ACLS deem guo be given an ay mult during a cold.

 NOTE: Guidelines for IV medications apply to all patient care areas except Special Care Nursery

REFERENCES: Lippincott Nursing Drug Handbook 2007, Micromedex, Harriet Lane Handbook 2006

MEDICATION	UNITS	_			ADMINISTRATION	MONI	a	IV Lines		CHEC		AUXILIARY INFORMATION
EDICATION Generic Brand) *ACLS Drugs	Medication may be given	MMC Protocol or Pre-Printed Order (PPO)	IV Pump	Route	DOSE and ADMINISTRATION	READILY AVAILABLE AT BEDSIDE Cardiac, O2 Sat, BP	REQUIRED AT BEDSIDI Physician		Check Site Every Hour and PRN	2 RN Check	Set IV Pump for Hourly Infusion	COMMENTS
												and enable slow administration (premix in AcaDose or Pharmacy) 2. Administered over a minimum of 10 minutes using an 1V pump 3. Check patency of access site prior to administration 4. Remain with the patient for fast 1-2 minutes of the infusion to check for signs of extra-vasation 5. Fer patients with a running IV line, connect tubing at the port furthest from the vein
Propofed (Diprivan®) General Anesthetic	A,D NOT SDU		N Y	IV Push Continuous IV Push Continuous	Adult Avoid bolus injection. Avoid bolus injection. 5-10 mgs/kg/min over 5-10 minutes, followed by 5-10 mgs/kg/min until desired level of sedation Maintenance. 5-50 mgs/kg/min Adjust dose at minimum period of 5 minute intervals Pediatrie Induction; age 3 and older: 2.5-3.5 mg/kg over 20-30 seconds Maintenance; 125-300 mcg/kg/min	x						Propofol (Diprivan) is administered only to intubated, mechanically ventilated adult Intensive Care Unit-appropriate patients to provide continuous scalation and control of stress responses. In this setting, Propofol should be administered only by persons (including ICU and ER RNs) skilled in the medical management of orientally ill patients and trained in cardiovascular reassociation and airway management. Do not discontinue abruptly, wean to a void rapid awakening of patient Sediction with Proport showly in order to minimize hypotension* 1. Initiate infusion rate should be increased by increments of 5-10 mcg/kg/min. 3. A minimum period of 5 minutes between adjustments should be followed. 4. Maintenance rates of 5 to 50 mcg/kg/min are appropriate. 5. Assess selation effects (with Ramsey Sediation Scale) every 2-3 hours during infusion and every 1 hour while their taring. 6. Should not be infused for longer than 5 days without providing a drug holiday**. 7th he event of hypotension (systells bodog pressure less than 50 mmflg). Propofol is to be found that the proposal of the pro
Propranolol (Inderal)	A,B,D		N Y	IV Push Intermittent	Adult Arrhythmia: 1-3 mg at 1 mg/min or less; may repeat in 2 minutes; subsequent doses may be given after 4 or more hours 0.1 mg-0.2 mg increments over 10-15 minutes Pediatric Arrhythmias: 0.01-0.1 mg/kg over 10 min; may repeat every 6-8 hr. Max doses: Infant:1 mg/dose Children 3 mg/dose							Prior to administration: assess blood pressure, heart rate, apical pulse; if severe hypotension develops, consult prescriber IV and Oral doses are NOT equivalent
Protamine Heparin Antidote	A,B,C,D		N	IV Push	Adult and Pediarie Dosage determined by heparin dose: Ing protamine neutralizes 90 units beef lung hepartin or 115 units porcitie intestinal hepartin Hungini over 1-3 mits; no more than 50 mg 10 min Radio of Protamine-Heparin 1-1.5 mg protamine for each 90 units business the partie of the protamine for each 90 units business the partie of 10-50 mg protamine for each 90 units business the partie of 10-50 mg protamine for each 90 units 1 units of heparin given 26-00 min since heparine 10-50 mg protamine for each 90 or 115 units of heparin given 26-00 mg protamine for each 90 or 115 units of heparin given Max dose/10 minutes: 50 mg protamine for each 90 or 115 units of heparin given Max force 10 mg/min 10 mg/	x						Monitor for severe hypotension or anaphylaxis Rapid infusions can cause hypotension, dyspaea, bradycardia, and pulmonary hypertension,
Reteplase (Retavase®) Tissue plasminogen activator	A NOT SDU	PPO	N	IV Push	Adult AMI: Two 10 unit bolus injections, each given over 2 minutes; the second 10 unit dose given 30 minutes after the initiation of the first injection	X*				х		*Required Monitoring: EKG for arrhythmias Do not administer with other IV medications Monitor for sign of serious bleeding or anaphylaxis after first dose Alteplase (Activase®) used for central venous catheter clearance. SEE ALTEPLASE.
Sodium Bicarbonate 8.4% (Neur®) Sodium Salt Sodium Salt	A,B,C,D		Y	Intermittent	Adult IVP may be administered undiluted; IVPB and continuous must be diluted prior to administration; dosage determined by severity of the acidosis. Metabolic acidosis; 2-5 mEplag wor 4-8 lms; subsequent doses based on patient acid-base status Careliac Arrest; ImEqlag, followed by 0.5 mEplag every 10 min depending on arterial blood gasses Prediatric Metabolic acidosis; 2-5 mEplag over 4-8 lms; subsequent doses based on patient acid-base status Careliac Arrest; 0.5-1 mEplag out acid-base status (Careliac Arrest; 0.5-1 mEplag on anterial blood gasses Infance Careliac Arrest; 0.5-1 mEplag on arterial blood gasses in the control of							Monitor blood pH, arterial pO2 and pCO2, electrolyte concentrations Not compatible with TPN
Sodium Chloride 3% Sodium Salt HIGH ALERT	A,B,C,D			Intermittent	Determine sodium mEq replacement: Formula=(Desired sodium mEqT actual sodium mEqT) x. (0.6 x w [Eg]). Adult Minedjn x. (0.6 x w [Eg]). Adult Symptomatic hyponatremia: replacement based on patient sodium mEq. Administer one-half dose over 8 hr: check serum electrolyte concentrations to assess need for additional sodium chloride. IV treatment Continue until serum sodium is 125-130 mEq.L or neurologic symptoms improve. Max rate: 100 ml/hr Pediatrie Symptomatic hyponatremia: replacement based on patient sodium mEq. Use 125 mEq.L as desired concentration; correct serum sodium in 5 mEq.L dose increments. Max rate: 1 mEq.Eg/mr			CL-P				Administer in a large vein, avoid extravasation; May add to TPN; adjust dose based on patient status 1 ml of 3% sodium chloride = 0.36 mEq Na = 30 mg Na HIGH ALERT MESSAGE: ALL ORDERS FOR CONCENTRATED SODIUM C'HL ORIDE ARE PREPARED, LABELED, AND DISPENSED FROM THE PHARMACY DEPARTMENT

- ITIENT CARE UNITS:

 A = Critical Care: ICU, SepDown, Emergency Department, Custio Vascular Lab, Operating Room, Post Anesthesia Care Unit

 B = Telemetry: Cardine monitored patients, Endoscopy, Inaging, Antholatory Surgery, HealthPiex.

 C = MedicalPurpland: Othopedase, Adult Medical Surginal, Dalayis, Infusion Therapy, Oscology, (See Chemotherapy (cytotoxic) drug administration policies)

 D = Maternal/Child: Mother Biby, Labor & Delivery, Fediatrics (Pediatric does are not inclusive; refer to medication references)

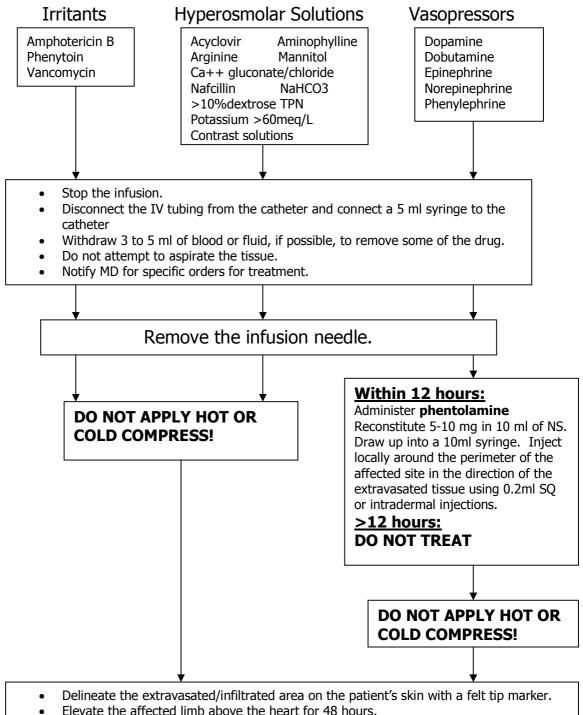
 VACLS Progr.; An ACLS drug may be given on any unit during a code

 TIE: Guidelines for IV medications apply to all patient care areas except Special Care Nursery

REFERENCES: Lippincott Nursing Drug Handbook 2007, Micromedex, Harriet Lane Handbook 2006

	F	0				MONI'	Œ		(AUXILIARY INFORMATION
MEDICATION Generic (Brand) •ACLS Drugs	Medication may be given	MMC Protocol or Pre-Printed Order (PPO)	IV Pump	Route	DOSE and ADMINISTRATION	READILY AVAILABLE AT BEDSIDE Cardiac, O2 Sat, BP	REQUIRED AT BEDSIDE Physician		Check Site Exery Hour and PRN	2 RN Check	Set IV Pump for Hourly Infusion	COMMENTS
					Max dose 100-150 mEq/day							
Tirofiban (Aggrastat®) Glycoprotein Ilb/IIIa inhibitor NON-FORMULARY	A,B		Y	Continuous	Adult Medical or PCI proatment of Acute Coronary <u>Yandrome</u> , 0.4 mcg/kg/min for 30 minutes, followed by 0.1 mcg/kg/min, continue dosing through angioplasy and for 12-24 hr following angioplasy or atherectomy, Adjust dose in rental future							Monitor platelet count, hemoglobin and hematocrit prior to treatment, within 6 hours following loading done and at least daily during therapy Requires concurrent hepatin therapy, monitor APTT levels
Tohramycin (Nebcin®) Aminoglycoside Antibiotic	A,B,C,D		Y	Intermittent	Adult 1.25 mg/kg/dose over 30 minutes every 8 hr; obtain 10 mgh drug level prior to 3rd dose Adult of the total failure.							Pharmacy follows patients on an aminoglycoside and will assist in monitoring patient peak and trough levels as well as other monitoring. Call Pharmacy at ear 2235 for questions or assistance. Draw peak level 30 minutes after 30 minute infusion; draw trough 30 minutes before the next dose. Monitor urine output, BUN. creatinne, peak and trough Peak: 5-10 mcg/ml; Trough 1-2 mcg/ml.
Trimethoprim-	A,B,C,D				Dosing is based on trimethoprim component							Not recommended for use in infants less than 2 months;
Sulfamethoxazole (Bactrim IV®). Septra IV® Antibiotic			Y	Intermittent	Adult 8-10 mg/kg/day in 2-4 divided doses; infuse over 1-1.5 hr MAX fotal daily dose: 960 mg (trimethoprim) PCP reanment: 15-20 mg/kg/day in 3-4 divided doses for 14-21 days Pediatric Minos infections: 8-10 mg/kg/24 hr divided in 2 daily doses over 1-1.5 hr Server infections PCP; 20 mg/kg/24 hr divided excey 6-8 hr over 1-1.5 hr PCP prophylatais: 5-10 mg/kg/24 hr (150 mg/m2/daydivided in 2 daily doses x, 3 days/wk) infuse over 1-1.5 hr; MAX fotal daily doses: 320 mg Adjust dose in reant failure.							may cause kemicterus DO NOTI use at term during pregnancy; consult OB physician for patients greater than 37 weeks
Vancomycin (Vancocin®) Antibiotic	A,B,C,D	Rx	Y	Intermittent	Adult MAC Dosing: Initial Dose: Mac Dosing: Initial Dose: Patient less than 55 kg · 750 mg Interval (based on estimated CrCI) Estimated CrCI Josh Jimin or greater - every 12 hrs; Estimated CrCI Josh Jimin or greater - every 12 hrs; Estimated CrCI Josh Jimin or greater - every 12 hrs; Estimated CrCI Josh Jimin or greater - every 12 hrs; Pediatric CNS: Infantschildren: 60mg/kg/24 hr divided every 6-8 hr Other Infections: 40 mg/kg/24 hr divided every 6-8 hr Max: Ig/dose Noonatal Age mg/kg/24 hr divided every 6-8 hr Noonatal Max Mg/kg/24 hr divided every 6-8 hr Noonatal Age mg/kg/24 hr divided every 6-8 hr Noonatal Noonatal Noonatal Noonatal							Pharmacy follows patients on vancomycin and will assist in monitoring patient peak and trough levels as well as other monitoring. Call Pharmacy at ext 2.235 for questions or assistance. Obtain trough level with 3rd dose and every 10 days and serum creatinine twice weekly during therapy in patients with normal renal function or an needed in presence of changing renal function Monitor for Red Man Syndrome (facial flashing with infusion); slow future infusions to 2 hr and consider premedication antihistamine and acetaminophen. May be infused over 120 minutes if 60 minutes not tolerated.
▼Vasopressin (Pitressin®) Antidiuretic Hormone	A,D NOT SDU		Y Y	Continuous	Adult Upper GI bleed; 0.2-0.4 units/min; titrate to Max does: Iunit/min Pediatric Upper GI bleed; 0.002-0.005 units/kg/min; titrate to Max does: 0.01 units/kg/min/12 hr, then taper over 2.4-48 hrs.			CL-P				Observe for signs of IV infiltration at IV site and for adequate peripheral perfusion; monitor urine output.
Verapamil (Calan®) Calcium Channel Blocker	A,B,D		N	IV Push	Adult 5-10 mg (0.075-0.15 mg/kg) over 2 minutes; repeat done in 15-20 minutes if no response Pediatric 1-16 years of age: 2-5 mg (0.1-0.3 mg/kg) over 2 minutes; MAX single dose: 5 mg; repeat in 30 minutes; MAX second dose: 10 mg less than 1 year of age: 0.75-2 mg (0.1-0.2 mg/kg) over 2 minutes; repeat in 30 minutes if no response.	X*						Required Monitoring: Continuous EKG and blood pressure, apnea, bradycardia, hypotension Avoid IV use in neonates:
Vitamin K												
(AquaMephyton®)			1		SEE PHYTONADIONE		ı		Ī	1		

Non-Chemotherapeutic Vesicant Extravasation/Infiltration



- Elevate the affected limb above the heart for 48 hours.
- Avoid pressure or friction. Do not rub area.
- Observe for signs of increased erythema, pain, blanching, or skin necrosis. If increased symptoms occur, consult primary physician.
- After 48 hours, encourage patient to use limb normally to promote full range of motion.
- Document location & characteristics of extravasation on IVAR prior to discharge.
- Complete an incident report.